

State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Rajasthan
4, Institutional Area, Jhalana Doongri, Jaipur-302004
Phone: 0141-2705633, 2711329 Ext. 361

No. F1 (4)/SEIAA/SEAC-Raj/Sectt/Project / Cat. 8(a)B2/ (517)/12-13

Jaipur, Dated: **8 FEB 2013**

M/s Arihant Superstructures Ltd.
Ayushi tower, 1st Floor, Pal Road,
Barvi Road Circle,
Jodhpur (Rajasthan)

Sub: E.C. for "Arihant Agrima" Group Housing Project at Chokha, Jodhpur Promoted by Arihant Superstructures Ltd., Jodhpur. Khasra no. 667, 668, 670, 671, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, Village Chokha, Tehsil & District Jodhpur, State Rajasthan.

Sir,

This has reference to your application dt. 27.11.2012 seeking environmental Clearance for the above project under EIA Notification 2006 on the basis mandatory documents enclosed with the application viz. the questionnaire, EIA, EMP and additional clarifications furnished in response to the observation of the State Level Expert Committee Rajasthan, in its meeting held on 24.1.13.

2. Brief details of the Project:

1.	Category / Item no.(in Schedule):	8(a)B2				
2.	Location of Project	Khasra no. 667, 668, 670, 671, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, Village Chokha, Tehsil & District Jodhpur, State Rajasthan.				
3.	Total Plot Area	S. No.	Particulars	Proposed (sq. m.)	Permissible (sq. m.)	
		1	Total Plot Area	99599.74	133061.00	
		2	FAR	1.72	3.34	
		3	Built up area	318644.25	--	
		4	Ground Coverage	21242.95 (21.32%)	34859.90	
		5	Road area /parking area/Driveway	61212.3 (61.47)		
		6	Landscape Area	17144.49 (17.21%)		
4.	Project Details	S. No.	Building no.	Unit type	Number of units	
		1	A1 & A2	3 BHK	180	
		2	A3 & A4	3 BHK	180	
		3	A5 & A6	3 BHK	180	
		4	B1 & B2	3 BHK	120	
		5	B3 & B4	3 BHK	120	
		6	B5 & B6	3 BHK	120	
		7	C1 & C2	2 BHK	120	
				3 BHK	60	
		8	C3 & C4	2 BHK	120	
				3 BHK	60	
		9	D1 – D5	2 BHK	450	
		10	D6 – D10	2 BHK	450	
		11	E1 & E2	4 BHK	45	
				4 BHK	45	
		12	E3 & E4	4 BHK	45	
				4 BHK	45	
		Total				2340 (Flats)
		Maximum height of the building will be 57.9 m (up to Mumty level)				
5.	Expected Cost:	Rs. 300 Crores.				
6.	Water Requirement & Source	During construction 20 KLD Post Construction Fresh water requirement 795 KLD. Calculation of water requirement during construction : (i) Supervisory & construction labour = 300 persons @ 65 LPCD = 20 KLD Daily water demand is 1053 KLD (795 KLD daily fresh water demand + 258 KLD recycled water). The daily fresh water requirement will be met through PHED supply.				

7.	Fuel & Energy:-	S. no.	Description			
		1	Source of Supply	33/11 KV supply will be from nearest GSS to JVVNL.		
		2	Electrical Load	Connected load	14521 KW	
				Contact Demand	12342 kVA	
		3	Transformer	No. of transformers	25 nos.	
			1	630 kVA, 33/11 kV – 23 no.		
			2	315 kVA, 33/11 kV – 2 no.		
4	DG sets	3 DG set of cumulative capacity of 960 kVA (320 kVA each) for power back-up.				
	Fuel Used	HSD (50 ltr/hr)				

8.	Environment Management Plan	(Rs. in Lacs)			
		S. No.	Particulars	Capital cost	Annual recurring cost
				Proposed	Proposed
		1	Pollution control (provide break-up separately)		
			a. Acoustic enclosures & stack attached to DG sets	10.00	1.00
			b. STP	175.00	7.00
			c. Rain water harvesting	50.00	2.00
			d. Solid waste management	12.00	2.00
		2	Pollution monitoring (provide break-up separately)	2.00	1.00
		3	Fire fighting & emergency handling	35.00	2.00
		4	Green Belt	15.00	2.50
		5	Training in the area of environment & occupation health	1.00	0.50
6	Total	300.00	18.00		

9.	CSR Activates	S. No.	Activities	Capital Cost (Rs. in Lacs)			
		Year wise Distribution		1 st year	2 nd year	3 rd year	Total
		1	Grant will be provided for Lab Equipment for Jai Narain Vyas University, Jodhpur	10.00	--	--	10.00
		2	Play ground development at Jai Narain Vyas University, Jodhpur.	--	6.00	6.00	12.00
		3	Girls children education & Hostel facility at Jodhpur	--	25.00	28.00	53.00
		Total		10.00	31.00	34.00	75.00

10.	STP	STP based on SBR technology Capacity 1000 KLD (3 Nos. STP 330 KLD Each)			
11.	Green Plantation	Total green belt area: 17144.17 sq. m. (17.21%)			

3. The SEAC Rajasthan after due considerations of the relevant documents submitted by the project proponent and additional clarifications/documents furnished to it have recommended for Environmental Clearance with certain stipulations. The SEIAA Rajasthan after considering the proposal and recommendations of the SEAC Rajasthan hereby accord Environmental Clearance to the project as per the provisions of Environmental Impact Assessment Notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments, subject to strict compliance of the terms and conditions as follows:

PART A: SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

I. CONSTRUCTION PHASE

- "Consent to Establish" shall be obtained from RPCB before start of any construction work at the site.
- The PP shall obtain a "No objection certificate for height clearance for the envisaged level from the Airports Authority of India.
- No Mobile tower shall be installed.
- The P.P. shall comply with the guide lines for High Rise Buildings as per Office Memorandum no. 21-270/2008-IA.III dt. 07.02.2012.
- As envisaged the PP shall ear mark a sum of Rs. 300.00 lacs towards capital cost and Rs. 18.00 lacs per year towards annual recurring cost for taking up various environmental protection measures under the Environmental Management Programme.
- The PP has proposed an amount of Rs. 75.00 lacs as capital cost against CSR for next three years (Rs. 10.00 lacs first year, Rs. 31.00 lacs second year, & Rs. 34.00 lacs for third years). The expenditure on these

- activities shall be reflected in the books of account when presented for auditing of accounts. Detailed action plan of CSR activities shall be submitted by the PP to RSPCB at the time of applying for "Consent to Establish".
- vii Total green belt area 17144.17 sq. m. (17.21%).
 - viii That the grant of this E.C. is issued from the environmental angle only, and does not absolve the project proponent from the other statutory obligations prescribed under any other law or any other instrument in force. The sole and complete responsibility, to comply with the conditions laid down in all other laws for the time-being in force, rests with the industry / unit / project proponent.
 - ix For conservation of electricity and to reduce energy losses the management shall ensure that the electrical voltage is stepped down from 33 KV to 11 KV and distributed at this level and finally brought to 440 volts.
 - x The PP shall obtain approval of drawings of laying electrical lines from the concerned SE of RRVPNL/JVVNL.
 - xi The PP shall full fill the requirements of energy regulatory commission.
 - xii Feasibility of underground wiring may be examined and followed.
 - xiii Open land may be earmarked for laying 132 kV line.
 - xiv Road width and bench should be adequate for easy movement of fire fighting vehicles.
 - xv Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labor within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project. As proposed an amount of Rs. 35.30 lacs could be spent on Labour Welfare & Sanitation during construction stage.
 - xvi STP based on SBR technology capacity 1000 KLD (3 Nos. STP 330 KLD Each) will be made as assured by the P.P.
 - xvii The Drains should be of adequate capacity and be lined till the final disposal points.
 - xviii For disinfection of waste water, appropriate tertiary treatment may be given.
 - xix All required sanitary and hygienic measures shall be in place before starting construction activities. The safe disposal of waste water and solid waste generated during the Construction phase shall be ensured.
 - xx Adequate drinking water facilities shall be provided for construction workers at the site.
 - xxi Provisions shall be made for the supply of fuel (kerosene or cooking gas); utensils such as pressure cookers etc. to the laborers.
 - xxii All the laborers engaged for construction shall be screened for health and adequately treated before engaging them to work at the site.
 - xxiii All the topsoil excavated during the construction shall be stored for use in horticulture/landscape development within the project site.
 - xxiv Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of the people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
 - xxv Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that, there is no threat to the ground water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.
 - xxvi Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials must not be allowed to contaminate water courses and the dump sites for such material must be secured so that they do not leach into the ground water.
 - xxvii The diesel generator sets to be used during the construction phase shall be low-sulphur-diesel type and shall conform to Environment (Protection) Rules for air and noise emission standards.
 - xxviii Vehicles hired for bringing construction material and laborers to the site shall be in good conditions and shall conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and shall be operated during non-peak/approved hours.
 - xxix Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase.
 - xxx Fly ash shall be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly Ash notification of September, 1999 and amended as on August, 2003 (The above condition is applicable only if the project is within 100 km of Thermal Power Station).
 - xxxi Ready mixed concrete shall be used in building construction.
 - xxxii Minimum width of the road (right of way) 15 to 18 meter wide, Height of the Building 15 to 30 Meter.
 - xxxiii Regular and periodic mock-up drills shall be undertaken by the fire department at least once in a year.
 - xxxiv NOC shall be obtained from National State Disaster Management Authority, wherever applicable.
 - xxxv Storm water control and its re-use as per CGWA and BIS standards for various applications.
 - xxxvi Water demand during construction shall be reduced by the use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices.
 - xxxvii Total domestic water requirement shall not exceed 1053 KLD. Source of Water from PHED. Before allotment of the flats to the public, the P.P. should ensure availability of required quantity of water from a legal source and disposal of sewage in an environmentally safe manner.
 - xxxviii Permission to draw ground water shall be obtained from CGWA/CGWB prior to construction/ operation of project.

- xxxix Separation of grey and black water shall be done by the use of dual plumbing line for separation of grey and black water.
- xl Treatment of 100% grey water by decentralized treatment shall be done.
- xli Building Plan from the competent Authority shall be got approved and position cleared with reference to Master Plan.
- xlvi The P.P. should ensured compliance of the order of the Hon'ble Rajasthan High Court, Jodhpur, in D. B. Civil writ petition no. 1536 of 2003 in the matter of Abdul Rahman vs State of Rajasthan and others.
- xlvi Adequate measures shall be taken to reduce air and noise pollution during construction keeping in mind CPCB norms on noise limits.
- xliv Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking shall be of low flow either by use of aerators of pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.
- xlvi Use of glass may be reduced by up to 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and load in air-conditioning. If necessary, use high quality double glass with special reflective coating windows.
- xlvi Roof shall meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.
- xlvi Opaque walls shall meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code for all air-conditioned spaces, whereas, for non- air-conditioned spaces, by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill the requirement.
- xlvi A First Aid Room will be provided in the project both during construction and operation of the project.
- xlvi Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary authorization of the RPCB.
- i The approval of the competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the building due to earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments, etc as per National Building Code 2005 including protection measures from lightening etc.
- ii Regular supervision of the above and other measures for monitoring shall be in place through out the construction phase, so as to avoid nuisance to the surroundings.
- iii Guidelines issued by concerned Ministry for water scarce areas may be followed.
- liii Composting of biodegradable waste shall be carried out with in the campus.
- liv FAB sludge will be used for composting and compost will be used as manure.
- lv Provision of solar water heating /chilling/street lighting etc shall be explored.
- lvi Review and revise the requirement of DG set capacities for 100% power back up through optimization of power back up in case of power failure and emergency.
- lvii During construction phase and Post construction / operation phase of the project, the proponent shall be responsible for implementation of EIA/EMP. Commitment of proponent in this regard shall be submitted to RPCB at the time of applying for CTE.
- lviii The project proponent shall fulfill in letter and spirit, all the commitments given/submitted to the SEAC office.

II OPERATION PHASE

- i After construction and handing over of the project, the Resident's Welfare Association or the Maintenance Agency shall be responsible for the EIA/EMP implementation. In this regard a suitable clause shall be put by the PP in the Maintenance Agreement.
- ii An independent expert shall be certify the installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the RPCB, before the project is commissioned for operation. Discharge of treated sewage shall conform to the norms & standards of the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
- iii Re-cycled water to match standards for cooling water system. MPN should be less than 5/100 ml in case of reuse of water of landscaping and flushing.
- iv Adequate measures shall be taken to prevent odor from solid waste processing and STP.
- v Proper system of channelizing excess storm water shall be provided.
- vi Rain Water harvesting (RWH) for roof top run-off and surface run-off, as planned shall be implemented. Before recharging the surface run off, pre-treatment must be done to remove suspended matter, oil and grease. The Rain Water Harvesting plan shall be as per GoI manual.
- vii For conservation of electricity and to reduce energy losses the management shall ensure that the electrical voltage is stepped down from 33 KV to 11 KV and distributed at this level and finally brought to 440 volts.
- viii A Report on the energy conservation measures confirming to energy conservation norms finalize by Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be prepared incorporating details about building materials & technology, R & U Factors etc. Quantify energy saving measures.
- ix The power factor shall be maintained near unity.
- x Application of solar energy shall be incorporated for illumination of common areas, lighting for gardens and street lighting in addition to provision for solar water heating. A hybrid system or fully solar system for a portion of the apartments shall be provided.

- xi Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking shall be fully internalized and no public space shall be utilized.
- xii The D. G. sets to be operated with stack height as per RPCB norms.
- xiii Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air quality noise and water quality shall be periodically monitored after commissioning of the project.
- xiv The solid waste generated shall be properly collected & segregated before disposal to the City Municipal Facility. The in-vessel bio-conversion technique may be used for composting the organic waste.
- xv Any hazardous waste including biomedical waste shall be disposed of as per applicable Rules & norms with necessary approvals of the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
- xvi The green belt design along the periphery of the plot shall achieve attenuation factor conforming to the day and night noise standards prescribed for residential land use. The open space inside the plot shall be suitably landscaped and covered with vegetation of indigenous variety.
- xvii Trees and shrubs of local species shall be planted to allow habitat for birds with appropriate distance from the boundary.
- xviii The SEIAA, Rajasthan reserve the right to add new conditions, modify/ annual any condition and/or to revoke the clearance if implementation of any of the aforesaid condition/other stipulations imposed by competent authorities is not satisfactory. Six monthly compliance status reports on project along with implementation of environmental measures shall be submitted to MoEF, Regional Office, Lucknow, SEIAA Rajasthan & RPCB.

PART - B GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. The environmental safeguards contained in Form 1-A shall be implemented in letter and spirit.
2. Six monthly monitoring reports shall be submitted to Rajasthan and Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
3. Officials of the RPCB, who would be monitoring the implementation of environmental safeguards, shall be given full cooperation facilities and documents/data by the PP during their inspection. A complete set of all the documents submitted to SEIAA, Rajasthan shall be forwarded to the DoE, Rajasthan and Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
4. In case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the PP requires a fresh appraisal by SEIAA/SEAC, Rajasthan.
5. The SEIAA/SEAC, Rajasthan reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environmental clearance under the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act-1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.
6. All the other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from the Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire department, Civil Aviation Department, Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and Wildlife (protection) Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained, as may be applicable, by PP from the competent authority.
7. The PP shall ensure advertising in at least two local news papers widely circulated in the region, one of which shall be in vernacular language that, the project has been accorded environmental clearance and copies of the clearance letters are available with SEIAA, Rajasthan and the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board and may also be seen on the website of the Board at www.rpcb.nic.in. The advertisement shall be made within 7(seven) days from the date of issue of the environmental clearance and a copy shall also be forwarded to the SEIAA, Rajasthan and Regional Office, Jaipur(S) of the Board.
8. These stipulations would also be enforced amongst the others under the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification' 06.
9. Under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, legal action shall be initiated against the proponent, if it was found that construction of the project has been started without obtaining environmental clearance.
10. Environment clearance is subject to final order of the Honb'le Supreme Court of India in the matter of Goa Foundation Vs. Union of India in Writ Petition(Civil) No. 460 of the year 2004 as may be applicable to this project.

Yours faithfully

Sd-
(Sankatha Prasad)
Member Secretary
SEIAA Rajasthan

Copy to following for information and necessary action:

1. Secretary, Ministry of Environment and Forest, Govt., of India, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi.
2. Addl. Chief Secretary, Environment Department, Rajasthan, Jaipur.
3. Smt. Alka Kala, Chairman, SEIAA, Rajasthan, 69-A Bajaj Nagar Enclave, Jaipur
4. Shri Moti Lal Daima, Member, SEIAA, Rajasthan, 48/9, Moti Path, Mansarovar, Jaipur.
5. Member Secretary, Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board, Jaipur for information & necessary action and to display this sanction on the website of the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board, Jaipur.
6. Secretary, SEAC Rajasthan.
7. The CCF, Regional Officer, Ministry of Environment & Forests, RO (CZ), Kendriya Bhawan, 5th Floor, Sector "H", Aliganj, Lucknow- 226020.
8. IA- Division, Monitoring Cell, MoEF, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003
- ✓ 9. Nodal Officer (Department Website), Department of Environment, Government of Rajasthan Jaipur with the request to upload the copy of this environmental clearance on the website.


M.S. SEIAA (Rajasthan)